

- Q.4. What is the magician's name?
(a) M. G. Vidyalaya (b) Kiran Rathod (c) Kim Rathod (d) Ravi
- Q.5. What is the meaning of 'captivated'?
(a) Astonished (b) Angered (c) Arrested (d) Honoured
- Q.6. What is the meaning of 'spontaneous'?
(a) Happening suddenly (b) Continuous (c) Never (d) Always
- Q.7. What is a 'Wand'?
(a) Stick (b) Box (c) Hat (d) Cloth
- Q.8. What is the meaning of 'hopping'?
(a) Running (b) Singing (c) Standing (d) Jumping

DIRECTIONS (Qs. 9-10): Read the passage given below and answer the given below. Each question is followed by four answers only one of which is correct. You have to choose that correct answer.

To forgive an injury is often considered to be a sign of weakness; it is really a sign of strength. It is easy to allow oneself to be carried away by resentment and hate into an act of vengeance but it takes a strong character to restrain those natural passions. The man who forgives an injury proves himself to be superior of the man who wronged him, and puts the wrong-doer to shame. Forgiveness may even turn a foe into a friend. So mercy is the noblest form of revenge.

- Q.9. The word strength is a
(a) Material noun (b) Abstract noun
(c) Collective noun (d) Common noun
- Q.10. One who does not take revenge is
(a) a strong man (b) a foolish man (c) a foe (d) a weak man

DIRECTIONS (Qs. 11-12): Read the following poem and answer the questions set below it.

She dwelt among the untrodden ways
Beside the spring of Dove;
A maid whom there were none to praise
And very few to love.
A violet by mossy stone
Half-hidden from the eye!
Fair as star when only one
is shining in the sky

- Q.11. What is the meaning of the word 'untrodden'?
(a) Explored (b) Hidden (c) Explicit (d) Unexplored

Q.12. Identify the correct figure of speech used in the second stanza

- (a) Pun (b) Alliteration (c) Simile (d) Metaphor

DIRECTIONS (Qs.13-17): Read the given passage carefully and answer the questions that follow by selecting the most appropriate option.

Antarctica is an icy continent in the South Pole. It is covered by permanently frozen ground, is surrounded by water and is about 1.5 times longer than the United States. The world's largest desert is in Antarctica. 98% of the land is covered with a continental ice sheet; the remaining 2% of land is barren rock. Antarctica has about 87% of the world's ice. The South Pole is the coldest, windiest and driest place on Earth. The coldest temperature ever recorded on Earth was at the South Pole; it reached as low as -128.6°F or -88.0°C . On an average most of the Antarctica gets less than 2 inches of snow each year. Although scientific expeditions visit Antarctica, there are no permanent human residents. This is because of the extreme weather, which includes freezing temperature, strong winds and blizzards. There are about 4000 seasonal visitors to Antarctica. Antarctica hasn't always been located at the South Pole. It has drifted, like the other continents and has ranged from the Equator during the Cambrian period, about 500 million years ago to the South Pole. During the time of the dinosaurs, Antarctica was more temperate and housed dinosaurs and many other life-forms. Now there is very little indigenous life

- Q.13. The word 'icy' in the passage is a/an
(a) noun (b) adjective (c) adverb (d) homonym of 'ice'
- Q.14. The word 'desert' in the passage is a
(a) noun (b) pronoun (c) verb (d) verbal
- Q.15. The word 'windiest' in the passage is a
(a) second form of verb (b) superlative form of adjective
(c) superlative form of adverb (d) positive form of noun
- Q.16. Has Antarctica always been fixed in the South Pole?
(a) Yes (b) No (c) May be (d) Not given in the passage
- Q.17. Who are the earliest known inhabitants of Antarctica?
(a) American scientists (b) Indian scientists
(c) Dinosaurs (d) It has always been a desert

DIRECTIONS (Qs. 18-22): Read the given passage carefully and answer the questions that follow by selecting the most appropriate option.

The first thing which a scholar should bear in mind is that a book ought not to be read for mere amusement. Half-educated persons read for amusement, and are not to be blamed for it; they are incapable of appreciating the deeper qualities that belong to a really great literature. But a young man who has passed through a course of University training should discipline himself at an early day never to read for mere amusement. And once the habit of discipline has been formed, he will find it impossible to read for mere amusement. He will then impatiently throw down any book from which he cannot obtain intellectual food, any book which does not make an appeal to the higher emotions

and to his intellect. But on the other, the habit of reading for amusement becomes with thousands of people exactly the same kind of habit as wine-drinking or opium-smoking; it is like a narcotic, something that helps to pass the time, something that keeps up a perpetual condition of dreaming, something that eventually results in destroying all capacity for thought, giving exercise only to the surface parts of the mind and leaving the deeper springs of feelings and the higher faculties of perception unemployed.

- Q.18. The writer believes that half-educated persons are not able to
(a) enjoy wine-drinking (b) enjoy dreaming
(c) think properly (d) appreciate hidden qualities of admirable literature
- Q.19. The word 'narcotic' in the passage means
(a) great literature (b) intoxicant (c) cheap books (d) intellectual exercise
- Q.20. The phrase 'the higher faculties' in the passage means
(a) different departments in the University
(b) different ways of enjoying things
(c) mental powers of a high order for understanding great literature
(d) superficial part of the mind
- Q.21. The word 'eventually' in the passage means
(a) after some time (b) at last (c) never (d) initially
- Q.22. The word 'unemployed' in the passage means
(a) jobless (b) in search of employment
(c) not working (d) unused

DIRECTIONS (Qs. 23-24): Read the given passage carefully and answer the questions that follow by selecting the most appropriate option.

Since I had nothing better to do, I decided to go to the market to buy a few handkerchiefs; the old ones had done vanishing trick. On the way I met an old friend of mine and I took him to a nearby restaurant for tea and snacks. Afterwards I went to the shop and selected a dozen handkerchiefs. I pulled out my purse to make the payment, and discovered that it was empty: I then realized that it was not my purse, it was a different purse altogether. How that happened is still a source of wonder to me and I refuse to believe that it was the work of my good old friend, for it was his purse that I held in my hand.

- Q.23. The man could not buy the handkerchiefs because
(a) he did not like the handkerchiefs (b) his friend did not allow him to buy them
(c) the shop did not have any handkerchiefs (d) he had no money in the purse
- Q.24. When he tried to take out the purse, he discovered that
(a) it was not there (b) it was lost (c) it was a new purse (d) it was his friend's purse

DIRECTIONS (Qs. 25-26): Read the given passage carefully and answer the questions that follow by selecting the most appropriate option.

A profound terror, increased still by the darkness, the silence and his waking images, froze his heart within him. He almost felt his hair stand on end, when by straining his eyes to their utmost, he perceived through the shadows two faint yellow lights. At first he attributed these gradually to distinguish the objects around him in the cave and he beheld a huge animal lying but two steps from him.

- Q.25. The opening of the passage suggests that
- (a) darkness, silence and waking images added to his already being in profound terror
 - (b) a profound terror increased the waking images in his frozen heart
 - (c) the person was frightened by darkness and silence
 - (d) a profound terror was caused in him by the silence and darkness of the night
- Q.26. When he perceived through the shadows two faint lights.
- (a) he experienced a great strain
 - (b) he felt his hair stand upright
 - (c) his eyes felt strained to their utmost
 - (d) his pupils dilated

DIRECTIONS (Qs. 27-29): Given below are Four Jumbled sentences. Pick the option that gives their correct order..

- Q.27. P: About 30 new hydro projects are now under execution with an installed capacity of 5,600 MW.
- Q: However, with the rapid increase in demand for power, higher priority was given to the pithead super thermal power stations as their gestation period was smaller than that of the hydel schemes.
- R: Many projects were taken up for execution after independence and at one time (1962-63), the capacity contribution from hydro schemes was equal to thermal schemes.
- S: The first hydro generating unit in India was commissioned in Darjeeling (W.Bengal) in 1897.
- (a) ROPS (b) SRQP (c) QPSR (d) PQRS
- Q.28. P: They feel that during their time, young boys and girls were better behaved, more obedient, and had greater respect for their elders.
- Q: Young people on the other hand, feel that they are capable enough to learn on their own rather than lean heavily on the older generation for any guidance.
- R: The people belonging to the older generation always wonder as to what has gone wrong with the new generation.
- S: They feel that a lack of respect for the old will ruin and spell disaster for the young.
- (a) PRSQ (b) SPQR (c) PRQS (d) RPSQ

- Q.29. P: As a result, they are more able to live in harmony with themselves and with the world that surrounds them.
- Q: Stabilizing meditation catalogued as one of the hardest techniques of meditation because followers must keep their minds under total control for long period of time.
- R: The benefits of this meditation, according to the followers, is that meditators can experience full understanding of their thoughts and ideas.
- S: This consists of maintaining full attention to their role object focus.
- (a) QSRP (b) PQRS (c) QPSR (d) PROS
- Q.30. The match having ended in a draw, the first prize was shared.....
- (a) between Usha and I (b) by Usha and (c) by Usha and me (d) among me and Usha.

DIRECTIONS (Qs. 31-40): In the given passage, some of the words have been left out. Find out the appropriate which fits the blank from the given options.

Women have (31) made (32) in the corporate workplace but certainly not as much as they had (33) We have new laws, rules and (34) relating to women in the workplace, but what we have not changed much is the male (35) Women have fallen short in their goals because we (36) the potency of the male need to (37) their power. We can abide (38) by the laws and rules we create in order to (39) women an equal opportunity in the corporate workplace and still not (40) the problems that afflicted and eventually capsized the women's raft.

31. (a) perhaps (b) seldom
(c) optimistically (d) undoubtedly
32. (a) progress (b) efforts
(c) attempts (d) decisions
33. (a) predisposed (b) prescribed
(c) expected (d) informed
34. (a) activities (b) cases
(c) policies (d) problems
35. (a) hatred (b) patterns
(c) achievements (d) behaviour
36. (a) retaliate (b) respect
(c) risk (d) minimise
37. (a) maintain (b) Know
(c) absolve (d) evolve
38. (a) partially (b) occasionally
(c) them (d) excessively
39. (a) share (b) deny
(c) assure (d) donate
40. (a) overcome (b) mentioned
(c) judge (d) explore

DIRECTIONS: Choose the option which best expresses the meaning of the given word

Q.41. mystique

- (a) fame (b) reputation (c) admirable quality (d) popularity

DIRECTIONS (Qs. 42-43): Choose the word opposite in meaning of the given word.

Q.42. stringent

- (a) magnanimous (b) identify (c) vehement (d) general

Q.43. alienate

- (a) gather (b) identify (c) assemble (d) unite

DIRECTIONS (Qs. 44-46): In the questions below, out of the four alternatives choose the one which can be substituted for the given sentence.

Q.44. Exclusive possession or control of anything

- (a) Mono-mania (b) Monotheism (c) Monopoly (d) Monoism

Q.45. A place where money is coined

- (a) Press (b) Mint (c) Lair (d) Archive

Q.46. A series of lectures or lessons

- (a) Catalogue (b) Panel (c) Course (d) Syllabus

DIRECTIONS: In the given sentence below four words Phrases have been underlined. Only one underlined part in the sentence is not acceptable. Pick up the part out of a, b, c or d.

Q.47. Neither he pays now nod does he promise to pay later

- a b c d

DIRECTIONS: Change the sentence into passive voice.

Q.48. We have warned you.

- (a) You have been warned. (b) Warned you have been.
(c) We have you warned. (d) Have you been warned.

DIRECTIONS (Qs. 49-50): Change the sentence into indirect speech.

- Q.49. She said to me, "What can I do for you dear?"
- (a) She asked me affectionately what could she do for me.
 - (b) She asked me affectionately what she could do for me.
 - (c) She asked me affectionately what can she do for me.
 - (d) She asked me affectionately if she could do anything for me.
- Q.50. Sarita said to me "I will do it now or never".
- (a) Sarita told me that I would do it then or never
 - (b) Sarita told me that she would do it now or never
 - (c) Sarita told me that she will do that now or never
 - (d) Sarita told me that she would do it then or never

