## CHEMISTRY TEST PAPER CHEMICAL KINETICS \& HALOGENS

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1. Which one the following statement for the order of a reaction is incorrect?
a)Order of reaction is always whole number
b)Order can be determined only experimentally
c) Order is not influenced by stoichiometric coefficient of the reactant
d) Order of reaction is sum of power to the concentration terms of the reactants to express the rate of reaction
2. In a zero order reaction for every $10^{\circ}$ rise of the temperature, the rate is doubled. If the temperature is increased from $10^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $100^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, the rate of reaction will become
a) 64 times
b) 512 times
c) 256 times
d) 128 times
3. The rate constant of the reaction $A \rightarrow B$ is $0.6 \times 10^{-3}$ mole per second. If the concentration of $A$ is 5 $M$, then concentration of $B$ after 20 min is
a) 0.36 M
b) 0.72 M
c) 1.08 M
d) 3.60 M
4. The rate of first order reaction is $0.04 \mathrm{~mol} \mathrm{~L}^{-5}$ at 10 second and $0.03 \mathrm{~mol} \mathrm{~L}^{-5}$ at 20 second after initiation of the reaction. The half- life period of the reaction is?
a) 54.1 s
b) 24.1 s
c) 34.1 s
d) 44.1 s
5. If doubling the concentration of the reaction " $A$ " increase the rate 4 time and tripling the concentration OF " $A$ " increases the rate 9 times the rate is proportional to
a) concentration of "A"
b) square of concentration of " $A$ "
c) under root of concentration of " $A$ "
d) cube of concentration of " A "
6.A first order reaction which is $30 \%$ complete in 30 minute half- life period of
a) 24.2 min
b) 58.2 min
c) 102.2 min
d) 120 min
7)The rate constant of a reaction is $0.69 \times 10^{-}$and the initially concentration is 0.2 mol L . The half-life period is
a) 400 sec
b) 600 sec
c) 800 sec
d) 1200 sec
6. A first order reaction is half completed in 45 minute. How long does it need $99.9 \%$ of the reaction to be completed
a) 5hour
b) 7.5 hour
c) 10hour
d) 20 hour
9) A substance " $A$ " decomposes by the first order reaction start initially with [A] = 2.00 m and after 200 $\min [A]=0.15 m$. For this reaction what is the value of $k$ ?
a) $1.29 \times 10^{-2} \mathrm{~min}^{-1}$
b) $2.29 \times 10^{-2} \mathrm{~min}^{-1}$
c) $3.29 \times 10^{-2} \mathrm{~min}^{-1}$
d) $4.40 \times 10^{-2} \mathrm{~min}^{-1}$
10) For the reaction $A \rightarrow x \quad P$, when $[A]=2.2 M$, the rate was found to be $2.4 \mathrm{nMs}^{-1 .}$. On reducing concentration of $A$ to be half, the rate changes to $0.6 \mathrm{nMs}^{-1}$. The order of the reaction with respect to $A$ is
a) 1.5
b) 2.0
c) 2.5
d) 3.0
11) If a substances with the half-life 3 days is taken at other place in 12 days. What amount of substance is left now?
a) $1 / 4$
b) $1 / 8$
c) $1 / 16$
d) $1 / 32$
12) 2-Chlorobutane obtained by chlorination of butane, will be
a) meso-form
b) $d$-form
c) racemic form
d) $l$-form
13. Chloropicrin is obtained by the reaction of
a) chlorine on picric acid
b) Nitric acid on chloroform
c) Steam on carbon tetrachloride
d) Nitric acid on chlorobenzene
14. Chloroform, when kept open, is oxidized to
a) $\mathrm{O}_{2}$
b) $\mathrm{COCl}_{2}$
c) $\mathrm{O}_{2}, \mathrm{C}_{2}$
d) None of these
15. Acetone is mixed with bleaching powder to give
a) Chloroform
b) Acetaldehyde
c) Ethanol
d) Phosgene
16. Among the following, the one which reacts most readily with ethanol is
a) $p$-nitrobenzy bromide
b) $p$-chlorobenzyl bromide
c) $p$-methoxybenzyl bromide
d) $p$-methylbenzyl bromide
17. Which of the following is used in fire extinguishers?
a) $\mathrm{CH}_{4}$
b) $\mathrm{CHCl}_{3}$
c) $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$
d) $\mathrm{CCl}_{4}$
18. The bad smelling substance formed by the action of alcoholic caustic potash on chloroform and aniline is
a) phenyl isocyanide
b) nitrobenzene
c) phenyl cyanide
d) phenyl isocyanate
