IIT-JEE / NEET / FOUNDATION (IX &X)

Time: 2 hours		Biology N	Biology NEET			
NAM	(Monera Protista Fungi) NAME OF THE STUDENT:DATE:-					
		INSTRUCTION – ATTE	MPT ALL QUESTIONS			
Q.1	Who was the first per	son to attempt a more s	scientific basis for classific	cation?		
	A) Aristotle	B) Linnaeus	C) Whittaker	D) Darwin		
Q.2	Aristotle divided the a	nnimals into:				
A) Protozoa and m <mark>etazoan</mark>		zoan	B) Enaima and anaima			
	C) Chordata and non-	chordata	D) Verteb <mark>rata and</mark> Inv	ertebrata		
Q.3	Which of the following kingdoms have remained constant under different systems of classification?					
	A) Monera and Fungi	THER	B) Protista and Mone	ra		
	C) Plantae and Anima	lia	D) None of these			
Q.4. What do you call bacteria that use organic molecules both for energy and carbon sou						
	A) Photoautotrophs		B) Photoheterotrophs	;		
	C) Chemoautotrophs		D) Chemoheterotroph	ns		
Q.5.	Biogas is produced by	;				
	A) Eubacteria	B) Archaebacteria	C) Cyanobacteria	D) Mycoplasma		

Q.6.	The primitive prokaryotes responsible for the production of biogas from the dung of ruminant animals, include the:					
	A) Halophiles	B) Thermoacidophiles	C) Methanogens	D) Eubacteria		
Q.7.	Which of the following are found in extreme saline conditions?					
	A) Archaebacteria	B) Eubacteria	C) Cyanobacteria	D) Mycobacteria		
Q.8.	Of the following staten	nents, which are not rele	vant to Archaebacteria	?		
	A) They live in some of	the most harsh habitats		0		
	B) They are present in the gut of severa <mark>l ruminan</mark> t animals					
	C) They are characterised by the presence of a rigid cellulosic cell wall					
	D) They include mycoplasma					
	E) They are also referred to as blue-green algae					
	A) A, B, and C	B) D, A, and C	C) B D) A, G	C, and E E) B, C, and E		
Q.9.	Which of the following is incorrect about cyanobacteria? A) They are photoautotrophs B) They lack heterocysts C) They often form blooms in polluted water bodies D) They have chlorophyll a similar to green plants					
Q.10.	Which among the follo	wing are the smallest liv		t a definite cell wall		
Q.10.	Which among the following are the smallest living cells, known without a definite cell wall, pathogenic to plants as well as animals and can survive without oxygen? (NEET 2017)					
	A) Bacillus	B) Pseudomonas	C) Mycoplasma	D) Nostoc		
Q.11.	Q.11. Given below are two statements. Statement I: Mycoplasma can pass through less that filter size. Statement II: Mycoplasma are bacteria with cell wall. In the light of the ab statements, chose the most appropriate answer from the options given below. A. Both statement I and statement II are correct			light of the above		

B. Both statement I and statement II are incorrect

- C. Statement I is correct but statement II is incorrect D. Statement I is incorrect but statement II is correct Q.12. Which one among the following does not belong to Monera? A. Slime molds B. Mycoplasma C. Eubacteria D. Archaebacteria Q.13. Cyanobacteria are monerans which have A. the ability to perform oxygenic photosynthesis due to the presence of chlorophyll a B. the ability to perform oxygenic photosynthesis and do not have chlorophyll a C. chlorophyll in chloroplasts D. the ability to do anoxygenic photosynthesis and possess nitrogenase Q.14. Match the organisms in column I with habitats in column II Column I Column II A. Halophiles i. Hot springs B. Thermoacidophiles ii. Aquatic environment C. Methanogens iii. Guts of ruminants D. Cyanobacteria iv. Salty area A) A-iv, B-i, C-iii, D-ii B) A-ii, B-i, C-iv, D-iii C) A-iv, B-ii, C-iii, D-I D) A-i, B-iii, C-iv, D-ii Q.15. What is the common feature of Gonyaulax, Euglena, Amoeba, and Pinnularia?
- Q.16. In which group of organisms the cell walls form two thin overlapping shells which fit together? (NEET 2015)
 - A) Slime moulds B) Chrysophytes C) Euglenoids D) Dinoflagellates

B) They show autotrophic nutrition

D) They are unicellular and eukaryotic

A) They show holozoic nutrition

C) They are unicellular and prokaryotic

Q.17.	Select the wrong statement. (NEET 2016)				
	A) Diatoms are microscopic and float passively in water				
	B) The walls of diatoms are easily destructible				
	C) 'Diatomaceous earth' is formed by the cell walls of diatoms				
	D) Diatoms are chief producers in the oceans				
		ACO			
Q.18.	Which of the following organisms are known a	as chief producers in the oc	eans? (NEET 2018)		
	A) Cyanobacteria B) Diatoms	C) Dinoflagellates	D) Euglenoids		
Q.19.	Unlike other algae, diatoms do not easily decay due to				
	A) Siliceous wall B) Mucilaginous wall	C) Waterproof cell wall	D) Calcareous wall		
Q.20.	Which among the following is true for Dinoflag	Which among the following is true for Dinoflagellates?			
	A) Presence of transverse and longitudinal flagellum				
	B) Microkaryons				
	C) Predominantly terrestrial				
	D) Harmless prokaryotes				
Q.21.	Which of the following groups of organisms have a protein-rich layer called pellicle?				
	A) Chrysophytes B) Eug	glenoids C) Dinofl	agellates		
	D) Slime moulds E) Pro	otozoans			
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Q.22.	Ciliates differ from all other protozoans in (NEET 2018)				
	A) Using pseudopodia in capturing prey				
	B) Having a contractile vacuole for removing excess water				
	C) Using flagella for locomotion				
	D) Having two types of nucleus (macronucleus and micronucleus)				

Q.23.	Plasmodium belongs to					
	A) Amoeboid protozoa	ins	B) Flagellated protoz	oans		
	C) Ciliated protozoans		D) Sporozoans			
Q.24.	Penicillin was first obta	ained from				
	A) Penicillium notatum	1	B) Aspergillus niger			
	C) Puccinia graminis	C) Puccinia graminis D) Saccharomyces cerevisiae				
Q.25.	Which of the following statements is incorrect? (NEET 2019)					
	A. Yeasts have filamentous bodies with long thread-like hyphae					
	B. Morels and truffles are edible delicacies					
	C. Claviceps is a source of many alkaloids and LSD					
	D. Conidia are produce	ed exogenously,	and ascospo <mark>res end</mark> oge	enously		
Q.26.	One of the major components of the cell wall of most fungi is: (NEET 2016)					
	A) Chitin	B) Peptidoglyc	an C) Cellulose	D) Hemicellulose		
Q.27.	Which mode of nutrition is found in Rhizopus, yeast, and Penicillium?					
	A) Parasitic	B) Saprophytic	C) Symbiotic	D) Autotrophic		
		A. A.				
Q.28.	Which among the following is a phase of the sexual reproduction in fungi?					
	A) Plasmogamy	B) Karyogamy	C) Meiosis	D) All of the above		
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Q.29.	, - ,	•		kogenously in (NEET 2018)		
	A) Agaricus	B) Alternaria	C) Neurospo	ra D) Saccharomyces		
Q.30.	Some fungi exhibit a p	hase in which a s	single cell has two nucl	ei. This phase is known as?		
	A) Diploid phase	B) Nuclear pha	se C) Karvotic p	hase D) Dikaryophase		

Q.31.	Name the fungus that is often used in experimental genetics.					
	A) Rhizopus	B) Puccinia	C) Agaricus		D) Neurospora	
Q.32.	The imperfect fungi which are decomposers of litter and help in mineral cycling belong to: (NEET 2015)					
	A) Ascomycetes	B) Deuteromycetes	C) Basi	diomycetes	D) Phycomycetes	
Q.33.	Deuteromycetes are called 'fungi imperfecti because they					
	A) Have a septate mycelium			B) Exhibit autotrophic nutrition		
	C) Are not reported to exhibit sexual reproduction		<mark>tio</mark> n	D) None of the above		
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Q.34.	Which one of the following is wrong for fungi? (NEET 2016 II)					
	A) They are both unicellular and multicellular			B) They are eukaryotic		
	C) All fungi posses <mark>s a purely cellulosic cell wall D) They are he</mark> terotrophic				eterotrophic	
Q.35.	Which one of the following statements is wrong? (NEET 2016 I)					
	A) Cyanobacteria are	also called blue-green alg	gae	B) Golden alg	ae are also called desmids	
	C) Eubacteria are als	o called false bacteria	D,) Phycomycete	s are also called algal fungi	
Q.36.	Yeast is not included in protozoans but in fungi because					
	A) It has chlorophyll					
	B) It shows saprophytic mode of nutrition					
	C) It has eukaryotic organisation					
	D) Cell wall is made up of cellulose and reserve food material is starch					